

MWP – Young Researcher Abstract 2024

Project title: Plant Nanobionics: Nanoparticles for Boosting the CO ₂ Uptake and Photosynthetic Efficiency in Plants.	
Author: Cyril Routier	
Affiliation: Linköping University - Laboratory of Organic Electronics -e-Plants group	E-mail: Cyril.Routier@liu.se
<p>Abstract (approx. 200 words):</p> <p>Photosynthesis, the process by which plants convert CO₂ and sunlight into sugars and oxygen, is fundamental to life on Earth. However, one major limitation of photosynthesis is the initial carboxylation reaction, where atmospheric CO₂ is converted into sugar precursors (3-PGA) by the enzyme RuBisCO. RuBisCO's activity is highly restricted by its low affinity for CO₂ and limited CO₂ diffusion through plant tissues, considerably reducing the potential photosynthetic efficiency of plants. As climate change and population growth intensify, enhancing photosynthesis becomes crucial. Plant nanobionics, which blends materials science and plant biology, offers innovative solutions.</p> <p>Our research focuses on improving CO₂ uptake in wild-type plants and plant cells using green-fluorescent chitosan-modified polyethyleneimine (gPEI-Chi) nanoparticles. <i>In vitro</i>, these nanoparticles were shown to capture atmospheric CO₂ and enhance 3-PGA production by 20%. <i>In planta</i>, these nanoparticles continue to uptake CO₂, self-integrate into photosynthetic centers, and could potentially address CO₂ diffusion barriers and RuBisCO's affinity limitations. Additionally, gPEI-Chi nanoparticles were shown to safely enter plant cells in culture, modifying CO₂ concentration dynamics without harming the cells.</p> <p>This advancement could significantly benefit the forest-based industry and society. By increasing photosynthetic efficiency, we could enhance plant growth, improve CO₂ sequestration, and support sustainable agricultural practices. Addressing scalability and environmental safety, while overcoming delivery method obstacles and ensuring long-term plant health, will enable the development of plant bio-hybrid systems that could boost productivity and CO₂ capture, paving the way for a greener future.</p>	
Key words: plant nanobionics, nanoparticles, chitosan-modified polyethyleneimine, CO ₂ capture, photosynthesis.	